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Presenter



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Stay-at-Home and Social Distancing Orders

- Local Government remains open as an essential service.
- Remember this is unprecedented
 - No legal precedent
 - No guidelines to follow
- Operations change, but the important values remain the same:
 - Transparency
 - Ethics
 - Responsiveness
 - Public Involvement







Brown Act Background: Original Teleconferencing Rules

The Brown Act allows teleconferencing, but only if:

- 1. Identify each teleconference location on agenda
- 2. Agendas posted at all teleconference locations
- 3. Each teleconference location must be accessible
- 4. Members of public must be able to address board at each location
- 5. Quorum participates within jurisdiction boundaries
- 6. All votes taken by roll call







Suspension of Brown Act

- California Emergency Services Act gives Governor authority to suspend State law
- Interest groups requested Governor suspend Brown Act
- Executive Orders suspend the teleconference rule:
 - 1. N-25-20 (March 12)
 Suspends teleconference rules
 provided that there is a physical
 location where public can make
 comments
 - 2. N-29-20 (March 17)
 Eliminates requirement for a physical location
- Applies until state or local health officials are no longer requiring or recommending social distancing







Virtual Public Meetings

- Executive Orders N-29-20
- Requirements for Teleconference/Electronic Meetings:
 - 1. Public can "observe and address" board
 - 2. Agenda is timely posted
 - 3. Notice says how public can observe and comment
 - 4. Implement and advertise a procedure for "receiving and swiftly resolving" ADA accommodation requests
 - 5. Make reasonable efforts to adhere to Brown Act as closely as possible to maximize transparency







Agenda Notices

- Posting requirements are same
 - 72 hours for regular / 24 hours for special
 - Physical posting technically still required (What if that location is closed?)
 - Post agenda on website (recommend posting all supporting materials as well)
- Contents be thorough and detailed
 - How to observe
 - How to comment
 - How to request accommodations
- Caveats?
- Other outreach?







"Observe and Address"

- I.e., watch the meeting and make public comments.
 - Can be telephonic or otherwise electronic
- How to observe?
 - Telephonic (e.g., conference call line)
 - Streaming video/audio
 - Web application (e.g., Zoom, Microsoft Teams, etc.)
- How to comment?
 - Same as above
 - E-mail
 - Voicemail







"Observe and Address"

- Considerations in selecting a method:
 - Know your board what will work best for your board members?
 - Tech preferences, capabilities, etc.
 - Know your community how do they generally observe meetings?
 - Control of meeting
 - Can you control who is able to speak?
 - Can you mute participants?
 - Security concerns
 - Cost





Public Comments

- Rules are still the same:
 - E.g., 3 minutes for public comment
 - Tips for e-mail comments:
 - Notice should identify time limit or word count
 - Require "Public Comment" in subject line
 - Cannot limit participants, but can ask for one "spokesperson"
 - Allow anonymous participation, but can request that name and other information be given
 - Only comments under subject jurisdiction or on topic
 - Must allow criticism but can enforce decorum
 - Be flexible if necessary







Meeting Procedures (General Decorum)

- All votes *must* be by roll call
- Procedure and decorum can be more challenging
 - Number 1 Rule: Mute your line
 - Tips do a trial run with board members using software features
 - Get everyone on and sound-tested prior to start of meeting
- Best Advice: Be Prepared!
 - Prepare a script for the chair
 - Stick to decorum / only speak when called on
 - Identify speaker
 - Chair calls on other members
 - Chair calls for motions
 - Consider standard backgrounds for video meetings (Agency logo?)







Meeting Procedures (Public Hearings)

- Consider how to provide advanced notice
 - E.g., identify "telephonic or electronic access information will be posted prior to the public hearing date"
- Be descriptive especially with visual aids
 - Provide all materials where they can be accessed by the public
- Ensure that applicants/others have opportunity and ability to respond to questions from the board
 - If using a separate line for board, may need to consider using line for applicants as well
- Make sure that action is clear





Meeting Procedures (Nightmare Scenarios)

- Remember that you're on video and might be recorded act as you would at a physical board meeting
- Technical difficulties
 - It could happen mention it at start of meeting
 - Have a Plan B
 - Recess/adjourn meeting
 - Do not continue with meeting if there are technical difficulties (may violate Brown Act)
- Interruptions (Zoom Bombs, inappropriate comments, etc.)
 - Try to plan to avoid it
 - If possible, remove the interruptor
 - Recess or adjourn if necessary
 - "Clear the room"





Accommodation Requests

• Tips:

- Include contact information for requesting accommodations on agenda
- Provide reasonable opportunity for making requests
- Be flexible and accommodating remember that this is new for everybody
 - If you can't meet a request, engage in customer service how can you resolve the problem?
- Consider accommodations beyond the ADA
 - E.g., alternatives for citizens without computer access
- Review website accessibility

• Considerations:

- Closed captions
- Interpreters
- Transcripts





Closed Sessions

- No closed session to generally discuss COVID-19
 - Other closed sessions very limited:
 - Conf with labor negotiators
 - Security of public facilities
 - Anticipated litigation
- Have a dedicated closed session line
 - Do NOT publicly advertise the line; ensure that it's only board and necessary staff
- Remember to report out any reportable actions and votes







Public Records Act

- To date, Governor has not suspended Public Records Act
 - Responses still due within 10 days from when a request is received
 - > Extensions?
 - > Production?
- Best Practices







Conflicts of Interest

Ethics rules still applicable.

• How do you declare a conflict in a telephonic or electronic meeting?

Form 700 filing
Deadline
June 1







Best Practices During COVID-19 Emergency

Remember - this is unprecedented; we can only do our best

Show good faith if operational changes are made

• Is the change serving the public interest?

Have a (electronic) paper trail

• Be transparent and open; and document your good faith

Consider what can be done electronically rather than in person and what requires face-to-face interactions

• Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (Civil Code sections 1633.1, et seq.)







Resources

BB&K COVID-19 Resources page which includes legal alerts and webinars including:

[Webinar] – "Leveraging FEMA and Other Federal Grant Funding Opportunities for COVID-19 Response"

[Webinar] – "Part Two: Leveraging FEMA and Other Federal Grant Funding Opportunities for COVID-19 Response"

[Legal Alert] - "Public Records Requests During COVID-19 Crisis"

[Legal Alert] - "COVID-19 Safety Orders v. the First Amendment"







Questions & Answers









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